CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

For the year ended June 30, 2023

Prepared by:

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education of the Carter County School District Grayson, KY

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Carter County School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

Change In Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note A to the financial statements, in 2023 the District adopted new accounting guidance, *GASB No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, and Schedules of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension and OPEB Liability and Schedule of Contributions for CERS and TRS and Medical and Life and Health Insurance Plans comparison information on pages as listed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and

comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15 2023, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Shad J. Allen, CPA, FLLC

Richmond, KY November 15, 2023

As management of the Carter County School District, we offer readers of our District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

• The beginning net position for Governmental Activities was **\$4,038,775** ending the Fiscal Year on June 30, 2022.

• The ending net position for Governmental Activities increased \$41,272,725 to a balance of \$45,311,500 ending the Fiscal Year on June 30, 2023.

• An increase in net position is primarily due to State funds received for Capital Construction that have not been expending at June 30 and bond principal payments over debt incurred.

• Beginning district-wide net assets including capital assets and related long term debt was **\$2,139,136** ending the Fiscal Year June 30, 20**22**.

• The ending district-wide net position increased \$42,005,653 to \$44,144,789 ending the Fiscal Year June 30, 2023.

• An increase in District-wide net position is attributable State funds received for Capital Construction that have not been expending at June 30 and bond principal payments over debt incurred.

• Due to COVID 19 a significant portion of funding for the 2023 fiscal year was allocated using a base year of 2019 average daily attendance **3,887**.

• A significant portion of the funding for the upcoming 2024 fiscal year will be based on average daily attendance from the 2023 school year. Average daily attendance for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2023 was 3,587.78.

• During the 2023 Fiscal Year Carter County Board of Education expended

\$1,158,763.51 on capital assets; made principal payments for the retirement of debt in the amount of \$2,130,000 and bond sinking fund contributions of \$414,784.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL OF STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's financial statements consist of three basic components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) notes to the financial statements. This report contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net assets changed during the most recent past fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt is also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The only proprietary funds are our vending and food service operations. All other activities of the district are included in the governmental funds.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by **\$43,511,500** million as of June 30, 20**23**.

The largest portion of the District's net assets reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

Net Assets for the period ending	June 30, 2022 June 30, 2023							
Current Assets	\$16,148,286	\$66,243,448						
Noncurrent Assets	<u>50,310,069</u>	<u>53,189,333</u>						
Total Assets	68,458,355	119,432,780						
Current Liabilities	3,221,849	4,530,290						
Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>61,454,332</u>	<u>70,757,701</u>						
Total Liabilities	64,786,181	75,287,991						
Net Assets Investment in capital assets (net of debt) Restricted-Other Restricted for Future Construction Unrestricted Total Net Asset	18,816,975 (1,551,279) 3,740,766 (19,334,288) (1,672,174)	20,377,373 (861,519) 43,218,955 <u>(18,590,019)</u> 44,144,789						

Comments on Budget Comparisons

1. The District's total revenue for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, net of Interfund transfers was **\$98,789,047**.

2. General fund budget compared to actual revenue varied from line item to line item with the ending actual balance being **\$938,668** less than budget.

3. General fund budget compared to actual expenditures varied from line item to line item with the ending actual balance being **\$3,267,009** more than budget.

 General fund budget compared to actual other financing sources (uses) varied from line item to line item with the ending balance being \$387,887 less than budget.
 The net change in the general fund balance was \$1,940,454 more favorable than budget.

The following table presents a summary of revenue and expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 20**23**, excluding fund transfers and fiduciary funds.

Revenues:	
Taxes	\$ 8,048,199
State Aid Formula Grants	34,078,106
Operating Grants and Contributions	12,596,435
Capital Grant and Contributions	41,292,195
Charges for Services	99,252
Investment Earnings	1,371,469
Other	<u>1,303,391</u>
Total revenues	\$98,789,047

Expenses	
Instruction	\$32,564,166
Student Support Services	2,034,366
Staff Support	1,827,321
District Administration	951,793
School Administration	2,529,026
Business Support	811,111
Plant Operations	6,843,232
Student Transportation	4,016,372
Food Service Operations	3,376,257
Day Care Operations	2,114
Community Support	718,384
Facility Acquisition & Construction	100,277
Interest on Long Term Debt	<u>1,008,976</u>
Total expenses	\$56,783,394

Revenue in Excess of Expense <u>\$ 42,005,653</u>

Revenue

The largest source of revenue was derived from Capital Grants and Contributions, **41.7%**, with local taxes making up **8%** of total revenue.

School Allocation

Instruction accounts for 56% for of the school level expenditures.

BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS

In Kentucky, the public school fiscal year is July 1-June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal programs operate on a different fiscal calendar but are reflected in the district overall budget. State law requires the budget to contain a minimum of 2% in contingency. The district adopted a budget with \$5,277,187 in contingency in the current 2024 school year.

Questions regarding this report should be directed to the Superintendent, Dr. Paul Green, (606) 474-6696, or to Jerry A. Lyons, Business Office Manager, (606) 474-6696, or by mail at 228 South Carol Malone Blvd., Grayson, KY 41143.

Carter County School District Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

		Primary Government						
		Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total				
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,250,672	1,444,010 \$	18,694,682				
Investments		44,836,382		44,836,382				
Receivables (net)								
Taxes		236,547		236,547				
Accounts				-				
Intergovernmental		1,757,480		1,757,480				
Inventories			86,749	86,749				
Prepaid expense		631,609		631,609				
Capital assets:				-				
Land, and construction in progress		2,071,036		2,071,036				
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		38,734,202	252,446	38,986,648				
Total capital assets		40,805,238	252,446	41,057,684				
Total assets		105,517,927	1,783,205	107,301,132				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred outflows related to pensions		3,094,214	99,456	3,193,670				
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		7,719,284	67,341	7,786,625				
Deferred savings from refunding bonds		440,878		440,878				
Total deferred outflows of resources		11,254,376	166,797	11,421,173				
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	:	116,772,303	1,950,002	118,722,304				
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable		462,972	55,635	518,607				
Unearned revenue		9,436,856	,	9,436,856				
Unamortized Bond Premium		58,450		58,450				
Accrued Payroll & Related Expenses		173,220		173,220				
Long-term liabilities:				- , -				
Due within 1 year:								
Bond obligations		2,175,000		2,175,000				
Interest Payable		157,289		157,289				
Total due within 1 year		2,332,289		2,332,289				
Due in more than 1 year:		2,002,200		2,002,200				
Bond obligations		22,555,000		22,555,000				
Sick leave		1,447,725		1,447,725				
Net pension liability		15,321,152	134,419	15,455,571				
Net OPEB liability		13,444,971	134,419	13,579,390				
		52,768,848	268,838	, ,				
Total due in more than 1 year Total liabilities	•	65,232,635	324,473	53,037,686 55,369,975				
i otar nabilities		05,252,055	524,475	55,569,975				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred inflows related to pensions		2,566,430	82,491	2,648,921				
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		4,840,763	79,159	4,919,922				
Total deferred inflows of resources		7,407,193	161,650	7,568,843				
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		72,639,828	486,123	62,938,818				
NET POSITION								
Net Investment in capital assets		20,124,927	252,445	20,377,372				
Restricted for:		· · ·	, -	, ,				
Capital projects		43,218,955	-	43,218,955				
Other		557,637	1,211,434	1,769,071				
Deficit		(19,769,044)	, .,	(19,769,044)				
Total net position	•	44,132,475	1,463,879	45,596,354				
TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	116,772,303 \$	1,950,002 \$	118,722,305				

Carter County School District Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2023

			ogram Revenues		-	Net (Expense)	Reven	ue and Change	s in N	let Position					
							-	Primary Government							
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	_	Governmental Activities		Business- type Activities		Total			
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:															
Governmental activities:															
Instruction	\$ 33,743,191		\$	7,313,271	\$		\$	(26,429,920)			\$	(26,429,920)			
Support Services															
Student	2,034,366			80,032				(1,954,334)				(1,954,334)			
Instructional Staff	1,827,321			445,319				(1,382,002)				(1,382,002)			
District Administration	951,793			-				(951,793)				(951,793)			
School Administration	2,529,026			-				(2,529,026)				(2,529,026)			
Business	811,111			36,408				(774,703)				(774,703)			
Plant Operation & Maintenance	6,843,232			99,357				(6,743,875)				(6,743,875)			
Student Transportation	4,016,372			152,963				(3,863,409)				(3,863,409)			
Food Service Operations	2,505							(2,505)				(2,505)			
Day Care Operations	-							-				-			
Community Services Operations	718,384			531,118				(187,265)				(187,265)			
Facility Acquisition & Construction	100,277					41,292,195		41,191,918				41,191,918			
Interest on general long-term debt	1,008,976					-		(1,008,976)				(1,008,976)			
Total governmental activities	54,586,552	-		8,658,468		41,292,195	-	(4,635,889)			_	(4,635,889)			
Business-type activities:															
Food service operations	743,162	67,204		3,882,617						3,206,660		3,206,660			
Day care operations	2,114	32,048		55,350						85,283		85,283			
Total business-type activities	745,276	99,252		3,937,967		-	-			3,291,943	_	3,291,943			
Total primary government	\$55,331,829\$	99,252	\$	12,596,435	\$	41,292,195	-	(4,635,889)		3,291,943		(1,343,946)			
	General revenues:														
	Taxes							8,048,199				8,048,199			
	State and formula grants							34,078,106				34,078,106			
	Investment Earnings							1,299,894		71,575		1,371,469			
	Miscellaneous							1,303,391		-		1,303,391			
	Total general revenues						-	44,729,590		71,575		44,801,165			
	Change in net position						-	40,093,700		3,363,518		43,457,218			
	Net position - beginning							4,038,775		(1,899,639)		2,139,136			
	Net position - ending						\$	44,132,475	\$	1,463,879	\$	45,596,354			
							=				-				

Carter County School District Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	Governmental Funds											
	_	General		Special Revenue		Construction	· -	Debt Service	-	Total Other Funds		Total
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net	\$	6,262,441	\$	8,172,424	\$	38,141,162	\$	1,351 4,048,339	\$	2,995,159 2,646,881	\$	55,572,536 6,695,220
Taxes-current Taxes-delinquent		236,547										236,547
Accounts Prepaid Expenditures		45,681 600,462		1,531,096 31,147					_			1,576,777 631,609
Total assets		7,145,130	. =	9,734,667		38,141,162	-	4,049,689		5,642,041	_	64,712,689
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable Accrued Payroll & Related Expenses Advances From Grantors		158,550 173,220		297,811 9,436,856						6,610		462,972 173,220 9,436,856
Total liabilities		331,771	· -	9,734,667		-	-	-		6,610		10,073,048
FUND BALANCE												
Nonspendable Restricted		600,462								5,635,430		600,462 5,635,430
Restricted Debt Service Restricted Other								4,049,689				4,049,689 -
Restricted Future Construction Unassigned		6,212,898				38,141,162		-				38,141,162 6,212,898
Total fund balance		6,813,360	· -	-		38,141,162	-	4,049,689		5,635,430		54,639,641
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	7,145,130	\$	9,734,667	\$	38,141,162	\$	4,049,689	\$	5,642,041	\$	64,712,689

Carter County School District

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2023

Fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ 54,639,641
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position.	40,805,238
Costs associated with bond issues and refundings are expensed in the fund financial statements because they are a use of current financial resources but are capitalized on the statement of net position using the economic resources focus	440,879
Certain liabilities (such as bonds payable, the long-term portion of accrued sick leave, accrued interest payable, other accounts payable, and net pension obligations) are not due and payble in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Accrued interest payable Bonds payable Sick leave liability Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Unamortized bond premium	(157,289) (24,730,000) (1,447,725) (15,321,152) (13,444,971) (58,450)
Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred inflows related to OPEB Deferred inflows related to pensions	3,094,214 7,719,284 (4,840,763) (2,566,430)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 44,132,476

Carter County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	_	General		Special Revenue	-	Construction Fund	_	Debt Service Fund	-	Other Governmental Funds	-	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES												
From Local Sources												
Taxes	•				•						•	
Property	\$	6,661,507	\$		\$		\$		\$	1,335,196	\$	7,996,703
Student activities		444.040				700.000		04.440		351,717		351,717
Earnings on investments		414,948		000 550		768,662		94,148		79,167		1,356,925
Other local revenue		95,411		233,552		07 075 000		550 400		505,968		834,932
Intergovernmental - state		34,078,106		2,416,455		37,375,000		552,403		3,003,478		77,425,442
Intergovernmental - federal Total revenues	_	344,669 41,594,641		6,008,460 8,658,468	-	38,143,662	-	361,405	-	5,275,527	-	6,714,534 94,680,253
Total revenues	—	41,094,041		0,000,400	-	30,143,002	_	1,007,955	-	3,213,321	-	94,000,200
EXPENDITURES												
Instruction		24,909,051		6,916,495						816,569		32,642,115
Support Services												
Student		1,952,068		80,032						-		2,032,100
Instructional Staff		1,376,026		445,319						4,307		1,825,651
District Administration		655,758								-		655,758
School Administration		2,529,708								-		2,529,708
Business		774,139		36,408						-		810,547
Plant Operation & Maintenance		5,324,930		99,357						-		5,424,287
Student Transportation		3,829,022		152,963						81,615		4,063,599
Food Service		2,504		-								2,504
Community Operations		186,639		531,118						-		717,758
Building Acquistions & Construction						484,501				-		484,501
Debt Service	_				_		_	3,043,224	-	-	_	3,043,224
Total expenditures	_	41,539,846		8,261,692	-	484,501	_	3,043,224	-	902,491	-	54,231,754
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		54,796		396,776		37,659,160		(2,035,269)		4,373,036		40,448,499
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Operating transfers in		799,514		86,641		482,001		2,450,053		210,028		4,028,236
Operating transfers (out)		(159,819)		(483,416)				•		(3,189,902)		(3,833,137)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_	639,695	•	(396,776)	-	482,001	_	2,450,053	-	(2,979,875)	-	195,099
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		694,491		-		38,141,162		414,784		1,393,162		40,643,598
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	_	6,118,869		-	-	-	_	3,634,905	-	4,242,269	-	13,996,043
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$	6,813,360	\$		\$	38,141,162	\$_	4,049,689	\$	5,635,430	\$	54,639,641

Carter County School District Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year ended June 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ 40,643,598
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee	
contributions is reported as pension expense. District pension contributions less costs of benefits earned net employee contributions	247,436
Governmental funds report district OPEB contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of OPEB benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.	
District OPEB contributions less costs of benefits earned net employee contributions	(1,469,814)
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial statement because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which capital outlays	
exceeds depreciation expense for the year.	(1,087,196)
The difference in the issue amount of the refunding of bond proceeds and the amount for payment to the escrow account to pay the refunded bonds is amortized over the life of the refunding issue.	(110,220)
Bond and right of use asset payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statement but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of net position.	2,142,387
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred.	
Sick Leave Accrued interest payable	 (286,958) 14,467
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 40,093,700

Carter County School District Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

	Enterprise Funds				
		School Food Services	Other Enterprise Fund		Total
ASSETS	•		• • • • • • •		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,413,998	\$ 30,012	\$	1,444,010
Accounts receivable		00 740			-
Inventories		86,749			86,749
Capital assets:		050 445			252,445
Other capital assets, net of depreciation Total assets		252,445 1,753,193	30.012	<u> </u>	1,783,204
I otal assets		1,755,195	30,012	<u> </u>	1,703,204
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows related to pensions		552,529	12,146	i	564,675
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		330,630	21,353		351,983
		883,159	33,500		916,658
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		2,636,351	63,51		2,699,862
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable		55,635			55.635
Net pension liability		2,269,437	87.706	;	2,357,142
Net OPEB liability		644,715	23,940)	668,655
Total liabilities		2,969,787	111,645		3,081,432
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows related to pensions		380,151	14.69		394.842
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		376.201	14.098		390.299
Total defered inflows of resources		756,352	28,790		785,141
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		3,726,138	140,435	<u> </u>	3,866,573
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in capital assets		252,445			252,445
Deficit		(1,342,233)	(76,923	;)	(1,419,156)
Total net position		(1,089,788)	(76,923		(1,166,711)
TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	2,636,351	\$63,512	\$	2,699,862

Carter County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	_	School Food Services		Other Enterprise Fund		Total
OPERATING REVENUES						
Lunchroom sales	\$	67,204	\$		\$	67,204
Day Care Fees				32,048		32,048
Total operating revenues		67,204	-	32,048		99,252
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Salaries, Wages, and Benefits		1,117,451		2,114		1,119,565
Contractual Services		106,884				106,884
Materials and Supplies		1,911,535				1,911,535
Depreciation		39,784				39,784
Total operating expenses		3,175,654		2,114		3,177,768
Operating income (loss)	_	(3,108,449)	-	29,933		(3,078,516)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Intergovermental revenues		3,882,617		55,350		3,937,967
Transfers		(198,099)				(198,099)
Interest on investments		70,423		1,152		71,575
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	3,754,941	-	56,502	_	3,811,444
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		646,492		86,436		732,928
NET POSITION-BEGINNING		(1,736,280)	. <u>-</u>	(163,359)		(1,899,639)
NET POSITION-ENDING	\$	(1,089,788)	\$	(76,923)	\$	(1,166,711)

Carter County School District Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Proprietary Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers	\$	501,093
Payments to suppliers		(2,059,151)
Payments to employees		(1,637,368)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(3,195,426)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Operating grants and contributions		3,937,967
Transfers		(198,099)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		3,739,868
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of capital assets		(139,087)
Interest		71,575
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		(67,512)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		476,930
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS-BEGINNING		967,079
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS-ENDING	\$	1,444,010
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used)		
by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(3,078,516)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided		
(used) by operating activities:		00 T 0 (
Depreciation		39,784
Changes in assets and liabilities:		404 044
Receivables		401,841 (86,749)
Inventory Deferred inflows		(133,947)
Deferred outflows		(133,947) (31,743)
Pension liability		(240,853)
OPEB liability		(111,260)
Accounts payable		46,017
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(3,195,426)
	Ť	(-,,)

NONCASH NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES

During the year, the district received \$244,481 of food commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

During the year, the district recognized revenues and expenses for on-behalf payments relating to fringe benefits in the amount of \$206,904 provided by state government.

Carter County School District Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund June 30, 2023

	 Trust Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 145,358
Investments	11,128
Total assets	 156,485
NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST	 156,485

Carter County School District Statement of Changes in Fiduiciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Trust Funds
ADDITIONS		
Investment income	\$	6,902
Contributions/Donations		3,100
Total additions		10,002
DEDUCTIONS Community Services Total Duductions	_	6,000 6,000
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		4,002
NET POSITION-BEGINNING		152,483
NET POSITION-ENDING	\$	156,485

Note 1 – Nature of Activities:

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Carter County Board of Education (the "Board"), a five member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the Carter County School District (the "District"). The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards as Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Board. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements. Copies of component unit reports may be obtained from the District's Finance Office at 228 South Carol Malone Blvd., Grayson, KY 41143.

Carter County School District Finance Corporation - On August 14, 1989, the Carter County Board of Education resolved to authorize the establishment of the Carter County School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS 58.180) as an agency of the Board for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board Members of the Carter County Board of Education also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Description of Funds

Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the District as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the usefulness of the information.

Government-wide Statements - Provide information about the primary government (the District). The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report the financial activities of the overall government and business-type activities of the District. Governmental

Note 1 – Nature of Activities (Cont.):

activities generally are financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements - Report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in net total assets. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The District has the following funds:

I. Governmental Fund Types

(A) The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund and any unrestricted fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.

(B) The Special Revenue Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project periods as well as the state grant programs.

Note 1 – Nature of Activities (Cont.):

Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District.

(C) Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds).

i. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.

ii. The Facility Support Program of Kentucky Fund (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy and also participates in the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.

iii. The Construction Fund includes Capital Projects Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction. This is a major fund of the District.

(D) Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related costs; and, for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky law. This is a major fund of the District.

II. <u>Proprietary Fund Type (Enterprise Fund)</u>

- (A) The School Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contributions of commodities from the USDA. The Food Service Fund is a major fund.
- (B) The Day Care Fund is used to account for daycare activities offered to the community for the days school is in session.

III. Fiduciary Fund Type (includes Agency and Trust Funds)

The Agency Fund accounts for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with the *Uniform Program of Accounting for School Activity Funds*.

The Private Purpose Trust Funds are used to report trust agreements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Note 1 – Nature of Activities (Cont.):

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Propriety and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions - Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenues from property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resource are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the school year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

Note 1 – Nature of Activities (Cont.):

Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end and outstanding encumbrances at year-end are appropriated in the next year. A reservation of fund balance equal to outstanding encumbrances at year-end is provided for at June 30, 2023. Accordingly, no differences exist between actual results and the applicable budgetary data presented in the accompanying combined financial statements related to encumbrance accounting. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported in the appropriate fund balance category (restricted, committed or assigned) since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective fund. All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

	Governmental Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	12 years
Furniture and fixtures	20 years
Rolling stock	15 years
Other general equipment	10 years

Note 1 – Nature of Activities (Cont.):

Interfund Activity

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

Inventories

Supplies and materials are charged to expenditures when purchased with the exception of the Proprietary Funds, which records inventory at cost, on the first-in, first-out basis, using the accrual basis of accounting.

Budgetary Process

The District is required by state law to adopt annual budgets for the general fund, special revenue fund, capital outlay fund and the food service fund. The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major difference between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis is that on-behalf payments made by the state for the District are not budgeted. See Note 14 for these amounts which were not known by the District at the time the budget was adopted.

Property Taxes

Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fund for which they were levied. The District's ad valorem property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business property located in the District. The assessed value of property upon which the levy for the 2023 fiscal year was based was \$1,335,196,525.

The tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2023, to finance general fund operations were \$.47 on real estate and motor vehicles, per \$100 of assessed valuation.

Taxes are due on October 1 and become delinquent by February 1 following the October 1 levy date. Current tax collections for the year ended June 30, 2023, were approximately 99.07% of the tax levy.

Note 1 – Nature of Activities (Cont.):

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements. In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the noncurrent portion of right of use assets, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, all payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial funds.

Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund balances which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion, which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balances reserves have been established for accrued sick leave. Unreserved fund balances are composed of designated and undesignated portions. The undesignated portion of the unreserved fund balance represents that portion of fund balance that is available for budgeting in future periods. Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

Fund Equity

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources and balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are in a

nonspendable form, such as inventory, or prepaid expense amounts, or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as the corpus of a permanent fund.

II. Restricted fund balances are restricted due to legal restrictions from creditors, grantors, or laws and regulations of other governments or by legally enforceable enabling legislation or constitutional provisions.

III. Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority, which for the county is the five-member School Board. Said specific purposes and amounts are recorded in the official Board minutes of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Note 1 – Nature of Activities (Cont.):

IV. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

V. Assigned fund balances are constrained by the intent to use funds for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent can be expressed by the five-member School Board or by a body or official to which the School Board has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. By reporting particular amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service, or permanent fund, the Board has assigned those amounts to the purposes of the respective funds.

VI. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. In other funds, any negative fund balances would be unassigned.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the propriety funds. For the District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools. All other revenues are nonoperating. Operating expenses can be tied specifically to the production of the foods and services, such as materials and labor and direct overhead. Other expenses are nonoperating.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Restricted Resources

Restricted resources should be applied first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available. If an expense is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances are all available, the fund balances should be reduced in the following order: committed, assigned, and then unassigned.

Note 1 – Nature of Activities (Cont.):

Deferred Outflow of Resources:

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Balances of deferred outflows of resources may be presented in the statement of net position or governmental fund balance sheet as aggregations of different types of deferred amounts. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources on the government-wide financial statements for deferred pension contributions, deferred pension and OPEB payments and advance refunding bond payments.

Deferred Inflow of Resources

A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Balances of deferred inflows of resources may be presented in the statement of net position or governmental fund balance sheet as aggregations of different types of deferred amounts. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred inflows of resources on the government-wide financial statements for grant revenue received in advance, deferred pension investment earnings and deferred OPEB investment earnings.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("KTRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pensions. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note 2 - Recent Accounting Pronouncements:

Recent GASB Pronouncements

GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments.

Revenue Fund and a new non-major governmental fund, Student Activity Funds. See also Note T.

GASB issued Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 90, Majority *Equity Interests – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*, effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

GASB issued Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*, effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

The adoption of GASB statement Numbers 88, 90, and 95 did not have an impact on the District's financial position or results of operations.

The GASB has issued several reporting standards that will become effective for fiscal year 2022 and later years' financial statements.

GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*, effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. This statement was adopted by the District this fiscal year.

GASB issued Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Costs Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*, effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

GASB issued Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020, effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

GASB issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*, effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

GASB issued statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Agreements*, effective for the District's fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

GASB issued statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans*—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32, effective for the District's fiscal year end June 30, 2022.

GASB issued statement No. 98, *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*, effective for the District's fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022, effective for the District's year ended June 30, 2023

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—an amendment of GASB

Statement No. 62 effective for the District's year ended June 30, 2024

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, effective for the District's year ended June 30, 2025

The impact of these pronouncements on the District's financial statement has not been determined

Note 3 – Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, designated fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 4 – Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The funds of the District must be deposited and invested under the terms of a contract. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the Board's cash and cash equivalents was \$18,694,682 and the bank balances totaled \$22,531,395 including trust funds. Of the total bank balances, \$250,000 was secured by Federal Depository insurance and the remaining amount was covered by a collateral agreement and collateral held by the pledging banks' trust departments in the District's name.

The cash deposits held at financial institutions can be categorized according to three levels of risk. These three levels of risks are as follows:

Category 1 - Deposits, which are insured or collateralized with securities, held by the District or by its agent in the District's name.

Category 2 - Deposits, which are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the District's name.

Category 3 - Deposits, which are not collateralized or insured.

Based on these three levels of risk, the District's uninsured cash deposits are classified as Category 2.

General Fund cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2023, consisted of an interest bearing checking account.

Due to the nature of the accounts and certain limitations imposed on the use of funds, each bank account within the following funds is considered to be restricted: SEEK Capital Outlay Fund, Facility Support Program (FSPK) Fund, Education Building Fund, Special Revenue (Grant) Funds, Bond and Interest Redemption Fund, School Food Service Funds, and School Activity Funds.

Note 5 – Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

0 1	D 1			D 1
Governmental	Balance		D 1 2	Balance
Activities	July 1, 2022	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2023
Land	\$ 1,683,811	\$ 387,225	\$ -	\$ 2,071,036
Land Improvements	248,262	-	-	248,262
Buildings and Improvements	71,781,631	-	-	71,781,631
Technology Equipment	273,991	5,435	-	279,426
Machinery and Equipment	,374,563	124,343	20,434	478,472
Vehicles	,6,819,036	502,675	53,983	7,267,728
Total	\$ 81,181,294	\$ 1,019,677	\$ 74,417	\$82,126,554
Less: Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	\$ 248,261	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 248,261
Buildings and Improvements	33,613,172	1,679,074	_	35,292,246
Technology Equipment	261,996	7,240	-	269,235
Machinery and Equipment	234,205	23,073	20,434	236,845
Vehicles	4,931,226	397,486	53,983	5,274,729
Total	\$39,288,860	\$2,106,873	\$ 74,417	\$41,321,316
Governmental Activities Capital	\$57,200,000	\$2,100,075	φ /+,+1/	φ+1,521,510
Assets - Net:	\$41 802 424	(\$1.087.106)	s -	\$40,805,228
Assets - Incl.	<u>\$41,892,434</u>	(<u>\$1,087,196)</u>	ə <u> </u>	<u>\$40,805,238</u>
Business-Type Activities				
Food Service Equipment	\$ 967,822	\$ 139,087	s -	\$ 1,106,909
Less: Accumulated Depreciation:	814,679	39,784	-	854,463
Business-Type Activities		<u></u>		
Capital Assets – Net	\$ _153.142	\$ <u>99.303</u>	\$ -	\$ 252,445
Capital Associs – Net	$\phi = 133,142$	ϕ $$	φ	$\varphi = 2J2, 44J$

Depreciation expense was allocated to governmental functions as follows:

Instructional	\$ 14,831
District administration	8,743
Plant operation and maintenance	1,716,530
Security operations	1,473
Student transportation	365,295
Total	<u>\$2,106,873</u>

Note 6 – Debt Obligations:

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as debt obligations represents the District's future obligations to make lease payments relating to the bonds issued by the Carter County School District Financial Corporation and the Kentucky School Construction Commission aggregating **\$24,730,000**.

The original amount of each issue, the issue date, and interest rates are summarized below:

Issue Date	Proceeds	Rates
2011	7,665,000	5.00%
2012	3,460,000	1.00% to 3.625%
2013	3,805,000	2.00% to 2.25%
2014	655,000	4.00%
2015	5,300,000	2.00% to 2.25%
2015	3,130,000	2.00% to 3.25%
2018	8,635,000	1.25% to 3.00%
2021	1,200,000	2.00% to 2.10%

\$ 46,440,000

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes and the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund) is obligated to make lease payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Carter County School District Financial Corporation and the Kentucky School Construction Commission to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding. The proceeds from certain refunding issues have been placed in escrow accounts to be used to service the related debt.

In prior years The Carter County School Finance Corporation issued Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs). The QSCB is a federal program that provides bond holders with annual tax credits that are approximately equal to the interest that states and communities would ordinarily pay to the holders of taxable bonds. Sequestration affected the subsidy received from July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023 by reducing payments from the Federal Government by 5.7% (\$21,845). The District was responsible to the bond holder for the reduction.

Note 6 – Debt Obligations (Cont.):

At June 30, 20**23** the District had a balance of **\$4,048,339** in a QSCB sinking fund as required by bond indentures. Future required deposits of \$320,636 is due annually until the bond is payable in full December 1, 2030.

The changes in the general long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

	Balance					Balance
	July 1, 20 22	1	New Issues		Retirements	June 30, 20 23
Revenue Bonds	\$ 26,860,000	\$	-	9	\$ 2,130,000	24,730,000
Accrued Sick Leave	1,160,767		351,344		64,386	1,447,725
Total	\$ 28,020,767	\$	<u>351,344</u>	9	5 <u>2,194,386</u>	\$ <u>26,177,725</u>

The District has entered into "participation agreements" with the School Facility Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2023, for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

		County 1 District	•	hool Facilities <u>Commission</u>	
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total Principal
2024	1.720,918	383,345	454,082	98,323	2,175,000
2025	1,764,053	341,767	465,947	86,457	2,230,000
2026	1,811,573	297,947	478,427	73,977	2,290,000
2027	1,284,602	257,568	310,398	60,855	1,595,000
2028-2032	13,962,958	690,199	1,387,042	155,642	15,350,000
2033-3025	878,951	58,024	<u>211,049</u>	13,351	1,090,000
Total	<u>\$21,423,055</u>	<u>\$ 2,028,850</u>	<u>\$ 3,306,945</u>	<u>\$ 488,606</u>	<u>\$24,730,000</u>

Note 7 – Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits:

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the District's past experience of making termination payments. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid accrued sick leave is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "accrued sick leave" in the general fund. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported in the fund financial statements.

<u>Note 8 – Interfund Transfers:</u>

Туре	From	То	Purpose	Amount
Operating	General	Special Revenue	Technology	\$ 81,640
Operating	General	Special Revenue	Community Education	5,000
Operating	General	Student Activity	Operating	73,178
Operating	Special Revenue	Construction	Operating	482,001
Operating	Special Revenue	General	Indirect Cost	1,415
Operating	Capital Outlay	General	Operating	388,762
Operating	Building	General	Operating	211,238
Operating	Building	Debt Service	Debt Service	2,450,053
Operating	Food Service	General	Indirect Cost	198,099

Interfund transfers at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

<u>Note 9 – Retirement Plans:</u>

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS")

Plan description—Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by the CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov/.

Benefits provided—CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Note 9 - Retirement Plans (Cont.):

Tier 1	Participation date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	Before September 1, 2008 27 years service or 65 years old At least 5 years service and 55 years old At least 25 years service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date Unreduced retirement	September 1, 2008 - December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years service and 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date	After December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	Not available

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components. Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. Five years' service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 25% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay and any dependent child will receive 10% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay up to 40% for all dependent children. Five years' service is required for nonservice-related disability benefits.

Contributions—Required contributions by the employee are based on the tier:

	Required contribution
Tier 1	5%
Tier 2	5% + 1% for insurance
Tier 3	5% + 1% for insurance

General information about the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("KTRS")

Plan description—Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. KTRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. KTRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.ktrs.ky.gov/05_publications/index.htm.

Note 9 – Retirement Plans (Cont.):

Benefits provided—For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Employees that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university employees with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New employees (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service less than ten years. New employees after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for employees hired on or after that date.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. KTRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing employees and \$5,000 for retired or disabled employees.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions—Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Non-university employees are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the System. University employees are required to contribute 9.895% of their salaries. KRS 161.580 allows each university to reduce the contribution of its employees by 2.215%; therefore, university employees contribute 7.68% of their salary to KTRS.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions at the rate of 13.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district and regional cooperative employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes TRS 1-16.105%, TRS 2-17.105% and TRS 3-13.75 of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description—In addition to the pension benefits described above, KRS 161.675 requires KTRS to provide postemployment healthcare benefits to eligible employees and dependents. The KTRS Medical Insurance Fund is a costsharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the KTRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Note 9 - Retirement Plans (Cont.):

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The KTRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to employees under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired employees and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the KTRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Funding policy—In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, six percent (6%) of the gross annual payroll of employees before July 1, 2008 is contributed. Three percent (3%) is paid by member and three percent (3%) from the employer. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for KTRS because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to KTRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability \$ 15,813,612

Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net pension

Liability associated with the District

\$ 87,134,377

The net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.218752% percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,820,998 related to CERS. The District also recognized revenue and expense of \$7,784,594 for KTRS support provided by the Commonwealth. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Note 9 - Retirement Plans (Cont.):

	Ou	eferred atflows of <u>esources</u>	Deferred Inflows of <u>Resources</u>
Differences between actual and expected			
Experience	\$	16,907	\$ 140,827
Changes of assumptions		-	
Net difference between actual projected and			
Actual earnings on pension plan investments		2,151,759	1,746,355
Changes in proportion and differences between			
District contributions and proportionate share			
of contributions		139,315	761,739
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	_	885,689	
	=	<u>3,193,670</u>	<u>2,648,921</u>

The \$1,542,082 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred (inflows) related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:			
2023	(312,583)		
2024	(344,699)		
2025	(132,889)		
2026	449,231		
2027	0		
Thereafter	0		

Actuarial assumptions—The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	CERS	K <u>TRS</u>
Inflation	2.30%	2.5000%
Salary increases	3.30-10.30%	3.00-7.50%
Investment rate of return, net of		
investment expense & inflation	6.25%	7.10%

For CERS, System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019.

For KTRS, Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on

Note 9 - Retirement Plans (Cont.):

September 20, 2021. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

For CERS, The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class is summarized in the table below. The current long-term inflation assumption is 2.30% per annum.

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected <u>Real Rate of Return</u>
Public Equity	50.00%	4.45%
Private Equity	10.00%	10.15%
Core Bonds	10.00%	.28%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	10.00%	2.28%
Cash	0.00%	91%
Real Estate	7.00%	3.67%
Real Return	<u>13.00%</u>	4.07%
	100.00%	

For KTRS, . The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S Equity	37.4%	4.2%
Small Cap U.S Equity	2.6%	4.7%
Developed International Equity	16.5%	5.3%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.5%	5.4%
Fixed Income	15.0%	(0.1)%
High Yield Bonds	2.0%	1.7%
Other Additional Categories	5.0%	2.2%
Real Estate	7.0%	4.0%
Private Equity	7.0%	6.9%
Cash	2.0%	(0.3)%
	100%	

Discount rate-For CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year. The future contributions are projected in accordance with the current funding

Note 9 – Retirement Plans (Cont.):

policy, as most recently revised by House Bill 8, passed during the 2021 legislative session. The assumed future employer contributions reflect the provisions of House Bill 362 passed during the 2018 legislative session, which limits the employer contribution rates to 12% over the prior fiscal year through June 30, 2028.

Discount rate-For KTRS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension

plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of CERS and KTRS proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

CERS	<u>1% Decrease</u> 5.25	Current Discount Rate 6.25%	<u>1% Increase</u> 7.25%
	5.25	0.2376	1.2370
District proportionate share			
Of net pension liability	\$19,765,052	\$15,813,612	\$12,545,442
KTRS	6.10	7.10%	8.10%
District proportionate share			
Of net pension liability	-	-	-

Pension plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports of both CERS and KTRS.

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans:

Kentucky Teachers Retirement System OPEB Plans

Teaching-certified employees of the District are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)-a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained <u>https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information/#CAFR</u>.

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans Cont.):

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans:

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description - In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to KTRS Medical Insurance Plan

Benefits provided - To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan. *Contributions* - In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three and three quarter percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the applever. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who rationed on er after hulf.

employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$13,579,390 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.495681% percent. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the CERS net OPEB liability	\$ 9,263,000	
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net OPEB		
liability associated with the District	 3,043,000	
	12,306,000	

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans Cont.):

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB revenue and expense of \$174,190 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of <u>Resources</u>	Deferred Inflows of <u>Resources</u>
Differences between actual and expected		
Experience	\$	\$ 2,170,000
Changes of assumptions	1,881,000	
Net difference between actual projected and		
Actual earnings on pension plan investments	492,000	
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share		
of contributions	2,691,000	208,000
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	560,213	
	<u>5,624,213</u>	<u>2,378,000</u>

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, **\$586,698** is resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year ending June 30:</u>	
2024	(200,000)
2025	(114,000)
2026	(31,000)
2027	551,000
Thereafter	676,000

Actuarial assumptions - The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans Cont.):

Investment rate of return	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
Projected salary increases	3.00%-7.50%, including inflation
Inflation rate	2.50%
Real Wage Growth	0.25%
Wage Inflation	2.75%
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Under 65	7.00%, for FY2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FY2032
Ages 65 and Older	5.125%, for FY2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FY2025
Medicare Part B Premiums	6.97% for FY2022 with an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FY2034
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.37%
Discount Rate	7.10%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2021 valuation. The health care cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2021 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the TOL roll-forward while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll-forward.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments will be determined based on the allocation of assets by the asset class and by the mean and variance returns.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected <u>Real Rate of Return</u>
Global Equity	58.0%	5.10%
Fixed Income	9.0%	(0.10%)
Real Estate	6.5%	4.00%
Private Equity	8.5%	6.90%
Additional Category; High Yield	8.0%	1.70%
Other Additional Categories	9.0%	2.20%
Cash (LIBOR)	1.0%	(0.30%)
	100%	

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans Cont.):

OPEB liability. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as, what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	<u>6.10%</u>	7.10%	8.10%
District's proportionate share of			
net OPEB liability	\$ 11,621,000	\$ 9,263,000	\$ 7.310,000

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates - The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1- percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
District's proportionate share of	Decrease	Trend Rate	Increase
net OPEB liability	\$ 6,944,000	\$ 9,263,000	\$ 12,146,000

OPEB plan fiduciary net position - Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

Life Insurance Plan

Plan description: Life Insurance Plan- TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided- TRS provide s a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions- In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to KTRS Life Insurance Plan

At June 30, 20**23**, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Cont.):

District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ -
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net OPEB	
liability associated with the District	\$ 151,000

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 20**22**, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the Commonwealth as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 20**22**, the District's proportion was 0.486681

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense and revenue of \$7,840 for support provided by the State.

Actuarial assumptions - The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
Projected salary increases	3.00%-7.50%, including inflation
Inflation rate	2.50%
Real Wage Growth	0.25%
Wage Inflation	2.75%
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Under 65	7.00%, for FY2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FY2032
Ages 65 and Older	5.125%, for FY2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FY2025
Medicare Part B Premiums	6.97% for FY2022 with an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FY2034
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.37%
Discount Rate	7.10%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2021 valuation. The health care cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2021 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the TOL roll-forward while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll-forward.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments will be determined based on the allocation of assets by the asset class and by the mean and variance returns.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS' s investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Cont.):

	Target	30 Year Expected Geometric
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U. S. Equity	40.0%	4.40%
International Equity	23.0%	5.60%
Fixed Income	18.0%	(0.10%)
Real Estate	6.0%	4.00%
Private Equity	5.0%	6.90%
Other Additional Categories	6.0%	2.10%
Cash (LIBOR)	2.0%	(0.30%)

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

District's proportionate share of	<u>6.10%</u>	<u>7.10%</u>	<u>8.10%</u>
net OPEB liability	\$ 0	0	0

OPEB plan fiduciary net position - Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

County Employees Retirement Systems OPEB Plan

Plan description: The County Employees Retirement System ("CERS") Insurance Fund was established to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The CERS Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement Systems' (KRS) board of trustees.

CERS issues a publicly available financial report included in the Kentucky Retirement Systems Annual Report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601, or by calling (502) 564-4646 or at https://kyret.ky.gov.

Benefits provided - CERS health insurance benefits are subject to various participation dates to determine eligibility and health insurance contribution rates. For employees who initiated participation in the CERS system prior to July 1, 2003, KRS pays a percentage of the monthly contribution rate for insurance coverage based on the

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Cont.):

retired member's years of service and type of service. Non-hazardous members receive a contribution subsidy for only the member's health insurance premium.

Percentage of contribution ranges from 0% for less than 4 years of service to 100% for 20 years or more of service. For members who initiated participation in the CERS system after July 1, 2003 until August 31, 2008, members must have 120 months of service in a state-administered retirement system to qualify for participation in the KRS health plans. Members who began participating with KRS on or after September 1, 2008, must have 180 months of service upon retirement to participate in the KRS health plans. Non-hazardous retirees receive \$10 toward the monthly premium for each full year of service.

Contributions: CERS allocates a portion of the employer contributions to the health insurance benefit plans. For the year ending June 30, 2018, CERS allocated 4.70% of the 19.18% actuarially required contribution rate paid by employers for funding the healthcare benefit. In addition, 1.00% of the contributions by employees hired after September 1, 2008 are allocated to the health insurance plan. During the year ending June 30, 2018, the District contributed \$197,450 to the CERS Insurance Fund. The contribution requirements of CERS are established and may be amended by the CERS Board of Trustees.

Implicit Subsidy: The fully-insured premiums KRS pays for the Kentucky Employees' Health Plan are blended rates based on the combined experience of active and retired members. Because the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 is higher than the average cost of providing health care benefits to active employees, there is an implicit employer subsidy for the non-Medicare eligible retirees. This implicit subsidy is included in the calculation of the total OPEB liability.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to CERS Insurance Fund

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total OPEB liability was rolled forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022 using generally accepted actuarial principles. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on contributions to CERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. At June 30 2022, the District's proportion was 0.218716%.

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Cont.):

At June 30, 20**23**, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Ō	eferred utflows of <u>esources</u>	In	Deferred Iflows of <u>esources</u>
Differences between actual and expected				
Experience	\$	434,481	\$	989,848
Changes of assumptions		682,667		562,514
Net difference between actual projected and				
Actual earnings on pension plan investments		803,756		628,565
Changes in proportion and differences between				
District contributions and proportionate share				
of contributions		45,702		360,995
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		195,806		
	-	2,162,412		2,541,922

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, **\$223,404** resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 20**24**.

Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five year period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are amortized over the average service life of all members. These will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending.	<u>June 30:</u>
2023	(111,350)
2024	(110,470)
2025	(315,377)
2026	(38,119)
Thereafter	-

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Cont.):

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2020
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll
Remaining Amortization Period	30 years, closed
Asset Valuation Method	20.00% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Healthcare Trend Rates	Pre-65 Initial trend starting at 6.40% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years Post-65 Initial trend starting at 6.30% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years
Payroll Growth	2.00%
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increase	3.30% to 10.30%
Investment Rate of Return	6.25%

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set-back for one year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set-back four years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a buildingblock method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the below tables.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by CERS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Public Equity	50.00%	4.45%
Private Equity	10.00%	10.15%
Core Bonds	10.00%	.28%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	10.00%	2.28%
Cash	0.00%	(0.91%)
Real Estate	7.00%	3.67%
Real Return	<u>13.00%</u>	4.07%
Total & Expected real return	100.00%	5.00%

*Long-term Expected Real Rates of Return may vary by plans depending on the risk tolerance of the plan

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Cont.):

Discount rate - Single discount rates of 5.70% for the CERS non-hazardous insurance plan and 5.61% for the CERS hazardous insurance plan were used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022. The single discount rates are based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.25% and a municipal bond rate of 3.69%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2022. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ending, each plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected separately and were sufficient to finance the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on insurance plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments paid from the plan. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy is not currently being included in the calculation of the plan's actuarially determined contributions, and it is our understanding that any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the plan's trust. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 5.70%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 - percentage-point lower or 1 -percentage-point higher than the current rate:

District's proportionate share of	<u>4.70%</u>	<u>5.70%</u>	<u>6.70%</u>
net OPEB liability	\$5,770,325	\$4,316,390	\$3,114,470

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates - The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1 percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%	Current	1%
District's proportionate share of	Decrease	Trend Rate	Increase
net OPEB liability	\$3,209,170	\$4,316,390	\$5,645,988

OPEB plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report which is publically available at <u>https://kyret.ky.gov</u>.

<u>Note 11 – Contingencies:</u>

The District receives funding from federal, state, and local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if the grantors review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantors' may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant program is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

The District is subject to certain legal proceedings arising from normal business activities. Administrative officials believe that these actions are without merit or that the ultimate liability, if any, resulting from them will not materially affect the accompanying financial statements.

Note 12 – Risk Management:

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers' compensation, the District carries their insurance with Kentucky Employers' Mutual Insurance (KEMI), which is located in Lexington Kentucky. KEMI is a mutual insurance company regulated by the Kentucky Department of Insurance. The District pays annual premiums for their coverage. The premium for workers' compensation is based on a formula. The District is assigned a classification code for their industry and each classification code has a corresponding rate. Multiplying the rate times the estimated payroll for operations then dividing by 100 will give the base premium, in some cases, modifiers may also be added, based on eligibility, which may increase or decrease the premium. In other cases, additional coverage may be requested that increase the premium.

The District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 13 – COBRA:

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

Note 14 – On-Behalf Payments:

For fiscal year 20**23**, the Commonwealth of Kentucky contributed payments on behalf of the Carter County School District as follows:

Plan/Description	Amount
Kentucky Teachers Retirement System	\$ 7,784,593
Health & Life Insurance	5,167,602
Technology	177,393
Debt Service	552,403
Total	\$13,681,991

Note 14 – On-Behalf Payments (Continued):

These amounts are included the Government-wide Statement of Activities as State Revenue and an expense allocated to the different functions in the same proportion as full-time employees.

<u>Note 15 – Fund Balance:</u>

The detailed components of the various fund balance categories as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Fund Balance	General Current Expense Fund	District and Student Activity Funds	Capital Outlay and Building Funds	Construction Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Assigned to:						
Capital Expenditures	\$		5,077,793	\$ 38,141,162	\$ -	\$ 43,218,955
Nonspendable	600,462		-	-	-	600,462
Restricted:						
Future Construction	-		-	-	-	-
Other	-	557,637	-	-	4,049,689	4,607,326
Unassigned	6,212,898		-	-	-	6,212,898
Total Fund Balance	<u>\$6,813,360</u>	\$557,637	\$5,077,793	<u>\$ 38,141,162</u>	<u>\$4,049,689</u>	<u>\$ 54,639,641</u>

<u>Note 16 – Encumbrances:</u>

The District had no encumbrances as of June 30, 2023.

Note 17 – Commitments, Contingencies, and Subsequent Events:

All commitments, contingencies, and subsequent events have been evaluated by management and have been properly disclosed up through November 15, 2023, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Carter County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	_	Budget	ted	Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	_	Original		Final	Actual	_	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES							
From Local Sources							
Taxes		6,708,806.00		6,708,806.00	6,661,507		(47,299)
Earnings on investments		450,000		450,000	414,948		(35,052)
Intergovernmental - state		31,511,827		31,511,827	34,078,106		2,566,279
Intergovernmental - federal		223,000		223,000	344,669		121,669
Other Sources	_	50,000		50,000	95,411	_	45,411
Total revenues	_	38,943,633		38,943,633	41,594,641	_	2,651,008
EXPENDITURES							
Instruction		23,071,941		23,071,941	24,909,051		(1,837,110)
Support Services							
Student		1,977,914		1,977,914	1,952,068		25,845
Instructional Staff		1,331,834		1,331,834	1,376,026		(44,192)
District Administration		965,982		965,982	655,758		310,224
School Administration		2,692,294		2,692,294	2,529,708		162,586
Business		740,256		740,256	774,139		(33,883)
Plant Operation & Maintenance		5,223,966		5,223,966	5,324,930		(100,964)
Student Transportation		3,873,451		3,873,451	3,829,022		44,429
Food Service		4,102		4,102	2,504		1,598
Community Services		62,017		62,017	186,639		(124,622)
Total expenditures	_	39,943,757		39,943,757	41,539,846		(1,596,089)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) IN REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(1,000,124)		(1,000,124)	54,796		1,054,919
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Sale of equipment		5,000		5,000			(5,000)
Operating transfers in		787,293		787,383	799,514		12,131
Operating transfers (out)		147,166		147,166	(159,819)		(306,985)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_	939,459		939,549	639,695	_	(299,854)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(60,665)		(60,575)	694,491		755,066
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	_	3,287,237		5,142,160	6,118,869	_	976,709
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$	3,226,572	\$	5,081,585	\$ 6,813,360	\$_	1,731,775

Actual expenditures exceeded budgeted amounts due to on-behalf payments not being budgeted accurately. The budgeted amount compared to the actual amount had a \$2,501,089 difference

Carter County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	_	Budget	ed Am	nounts				Variance with Final Budget Favorable
		Original		Final		Actual		(Unfavorable)
REVENUES								
From Local Sources								
Other local revenue	\$	239,390	\$	239,390	\$	-	\$	(239,390)
Earnings on investments		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental - state		2,593,242		2,593,242		1,920,526		(672,716)
Intergovernmental - federal		12,971,342		12,971,342		5,739,336		(7,232,006)
Other Sources		-		-		132,981		
Total revenues	_	15,803,974		15,803,974		7,792,842	•	(8,144,113)
EXPENDITURES								
Instruction		5,875,296		5,875,296		6,063,157		(187,861)
Support Services								
Student		17,717		17,717		96,077		(78,360)
Instructional Staff		241,242		241,242		276,040		(34,798)
District Administration		-		-		53,000		-
Business Support Services		27,200		27,200		47,656		-
Plant Operation & Maintenance		122,326		122,326		280,419		(158,093)
Student Transportation		9,085,000		9,085,000		169,224		8,915,776
Community Services Operations		520,468		520,468		417,315		103,153
Total expenditures	_	15,889,248		15,889,248	_	7,402,888		8,559,816
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) IN REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(85,275)		(85,275)		389,955		415,704
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating transfers in		86,641		86,641		86,640		(1)
Operating transfers (out)		1,366		1,366		(476,595)		(477,961)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_	88,007		88,007	_	(389,955)		(477,961)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		2,732		-		-		-
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	_							-
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$	2,732	\$	-	\$	-	\$	

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY CERS and TRS For the year ended June 30, 2023

	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2023 (2022)	Reporting Fiscal (Measurement Da 2022 (2021)		r Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2020 (2019)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2017 (2016)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2016 (2015)
COUNTY EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:	(2022)	(2021)	(2023)	(2010)	(2010)	(2011)	(2010)	(2010)
Districts' proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.21875%	0.23535	6 0.15957%	0.15375%	0.16017%	0.16477%	0.16767%	0.16939%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (a	sse \$ 15,813,612	\$ 15,005,090	\$ 11,382,311	\$ 10,813,025	\$ 9,754,841	\$ 9,644,436	\$ 8,255,576	\$ 7,283,086
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>
Total	\$ 15,813,612	\$ 15,005,090	\$ 11,382,311	\$ 10,813,025	\$ 9,754,841	\$ 9,644,436	\$ 8,255,576	\$ 7,283,086
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,498,111	\$ 6,183,940	\$ 3,801,299	\$ 3,576,288	\$ 3,973,000	\$ 4,017,598	\$ 3,999,811	\$ 3,952,293
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	243.36%	242.65	6 299.43%	302.35%	245.53%	240.05%	206.40%	184.27%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	52.00%	57.33	6 47.81%	50.54%	53.40%	53.30%	59.00%	59.97%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:								
Districts' proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.514%	0.000	6 0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (a	sse \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District	71,466,294	66,707,186	52,971,915	51,873,848	50,850,207	105,942,079	116,532,506	91,110,678
Total	\$ 71,466,294	\$ 66,707,186	\$ 52,971,915	\$ 51,873,848	\$ 50,850,207	\$ 105,942,079	\$ 116,532,506	\$ 91,110,678
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 19,330,268	\$ 18,950,089	\$ 12,922,900	\$ 12,830,543	\$ 13,029,458	\$ 12,925,599	\$ 12,940,309	\$ 12,485,277
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.000%	0.0004	6 0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	56.40%	65.59	6 58.27%	58.80%	59.30%	39.80%	35.22%	42.29%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be

displayed as they become available.

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS CERS and TRS For the year ended June 30, 2023

	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016
COUNTY EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:								
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,377,953	\$ 1,328,630	\$ 889,228	\$ 861,730	\$ 799,218	\$ 728,252	\$ 750,487	\$ 682,368
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 1,377,953	 1,328,630	 889,228	 861,730	 799,218	 728,252	\$ 750,487	\$ 682,368
Contribution deficiency (excess)	 -	 -	 -	 -	 -	 	 -	 -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,498,111	\$ 6,183,940	\$ 3,695,874	\$ 3,801,299	\$ 3,576,288	\$ 3,973,000	\$ 4,017,598	\$ 3,999,811
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	21.21%	21.49%	24.06%	22.67%	22.35%	18.33%	18.68%	17.06%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:								
Contractually required contribution	\$ -							
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 							
Contribution deficiency (excess)	 -	 	 -	 -	 -	 -	 -	 -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 19,330,268	\$ 18,950,089	\$ 12,859,956	\$ 12,922,900	\$ 12,830,543	\$ 13,029,458	\$ 12,925,599	\$ 12,940,309
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-PENSIONS

Year ended June 30, 2023

(1) CHANGES OF BENEFITS

There were no changes of benefit terms for TRS or CERS.

(2) CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

TRS

The following represents assumptions and changes of assumptions from the prior valuation to the valuation performed as of June 30, 2020:

- Remaining amortization period changed to 26.5 years 0
- Single Equivalent interest rate changed to 7.1% 0
- Municipal bond rate index changed to 2.13\$ \cap
- Projected salary increase changed to 3.0 7.5%
- Investment rate of return changed to 7.1% 0

CERS

The following represents assumptions and changes of assumptions from the prior valuation to the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019:

- Remaining amortization period increased to 30 years 0
- Salary increase changed to 3.30 to 10.30% 0

(3) METHOD ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY AND **DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS**

TRS

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of that schedule:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	26.5 years
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed market value
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.1%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	2.13%
Inflation	2.5%
Projected Salary Increase	3.0 - 7.5% including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	7.1%, net of pension plan investment expense, including
	inflation

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-PENSIONS Year ended June 30, 2023

CERS

The Board of Trustees uses this actuarial valuation to certify the employer contribution rates for CERS for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2022 and ending June 30, 2023. The amortization period of the unfunded liability has been reset as of July 1, 2013 to a closed 30-year period. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of that schedule:

Valuation Date Experience Study	June 30, 2019 July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percent of pay
Remaining Amortization	Period 30 years, Closed Gains/losses incurring after 2019 will be
	amortized over separate closed 20-year amortization bases
Payroll Growth Rate	2.0%
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increase	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service for CERS Nonhazardous;
Investment Rate of Return	6.25% for CERS Nonhazardous and Hazardous,
Phase-in Provision	Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate in accordance with HB 362 enacted in 2018 for

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY MEDICAL AND LIFE INSURANCE PLANS - TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the year ended June 30, 2023

		ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2023 (2022)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2022 (2021)		Reporting Fiscal Year F (Measurement Date) 2021 (2020)		Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2020 (2019)		r Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)		 ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2018 (2017)
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN		(2022)		(2021)		(2020)		(2013)		(2010)	 (2017)
Districts' proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)		0.37311%		0.27456%		0.20180%		0.20427%		0.20194%	0.20862%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (as	set) \$	9,263,000	\$	4,504,509	\$	5,093,000	\$	5,979,000	\$	7,007,000	\$ 7,439,000
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District		3,043,000		5,891,000		4,080,000		4,828,000		6,038,000	 6,076,000
Total	\$	12,306,000	\$	10,395,509	\$	9,173,000	\$	10,807,000	\$	13,045,000	\$ 13,515,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	19,330,268	\$	18,950,089	\$	12,922,900	\$	12,830,543	\$	13,029,458	\$ 12,925,599
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	·	47.92%	·	23.77%	·	39.41%		46.60%		53.78%	57.55%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)		47.75%		51.74%		39.10%		32.60%		25.50%	21.20%
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN											
Districts' proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%	0.000%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (as	set) \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District		151,000		64,000		123,000		112,000		104,000	 81,000
Total	\$	151,000	\$	64,000	\$	123,000	\$	112,000	\$	104,000	\$ 81,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	19,330,268	\$	18,950,089	\$	12,922,900	\$	12,830,543	\$	13,029,458	\$ 12,925,599
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asseet) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%	0.000%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)		73.97%		89.15%		71.60%		73.40%		75.00%	80.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS MEDICAL AND LIFE INSURANCE PLANS - TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the year ended June 30, 2023

		2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN							
Contractually required contribution	\$	657,707	\$ 898,446	\$ 347,922	\$ 356,425	\$ 355,690	\$ 359,713
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		657,707	 898,446	 347,922	 356,425	 355,690	 359,713
Contribution deficiency (excess)		<u> </u>	 	 	 	 _	 _
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	19,330,268	\$ 18,950,089	\$ 12,859,956	\$ 12,922,900	\$ 12,830,543	\$ 13,029,458
District's proportionate share as a percentage of i covered-employee payroll	t's	3.40%	4.74%	2.71%	2.76%	2.77%	2.76%
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN							
Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution			 	 	 	 -	 -
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_	-	 	 	 	 	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	19,330,268	\$ 18,950,089	\$ 12,859,956	\$ 12,922,900	\$ 12,830,543	\$ 13,029,458
District's proportionate share as a percentage of i covered-employee payroll	t's	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN- COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the year ended June 30, 2023

		ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2023 (2022)	 Surg Fiscal Year Surgement Date) 2022	 ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2021 (2020)	 ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2020 (2010)	ing Fiscal Year urement Date) 2019	ing Fiscal Year urement Date) 2018
HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN		(2022)	 (2021)	 (2020)	 (2019)	 (2018)	 (2017)
Districts' proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)		0.21872%	0.27456%	0.15370%	0.15371%	1.60160%	0.16477%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asse	et) \$	4,316,390	\$ 4,504,509	\$ 3,582,419	\$ 2,585,282	\$ 2,843,679	\$ 3,312,420
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District		-	 	 -	 	 -	
Total	\$	4,316,390	\$ 4,504,509	\$ 3,582,419	\$ 2,585,282	\$ 2,843,679	\$ 3,312,420
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	6,498,111	\$ 6,183,940	\$ 3,801,299	\$ 3,576,288	\$ 3,973,000	\$ 4,017,598
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		66.43%	72.84%	94.24%	72.29%	71.58%	82.45%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)		60.94	73.08%	51.67%	60.44%	57.62%	13.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN - COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the year ended June 30, 2023

		2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN							
Contractually required contribution	\$	252,245	\$ 362,753	\$ 180,942	\$ 108,373	\$ 85,818	\$ 76,400
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		252,245	 362,753	 180,942	 108,373	 85,818	 76,400
Contribution deficiency (excess)			 -	 -	 -	 -	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	6,498,111	\$ 6,183,940	\$ 3,695,874	\$ 3,801,299	\$ 3,576,288	\$ 3,973,000
District's proportionate share as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	it's	3.88%	5.87%	4.90%	2.85%	2.40%	1.92%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-OPEB

Year ended June 30, 2023

TRS

(1) CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS

There were no changes of benefit terms for the medical insurance fund or the life insurance fund.

(2) CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

- In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality and salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables(Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs and
- The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 8% to 7.1%. The price inflation assumption was
- The rates of member participation and spousal participation were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

(3) METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLYDETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

Medical Insurance Fund

The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2018:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percent of payroll
Remaining Amortization	26 years, closed
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed fairvalue
Inflation	3.0%
Real wage growth	0.5%
Wage inflation	3.5%
Salary Increase	3.5 to 7.2%, including inflation
Discount rate	7.5%

CERS

Other Pension Benefit Programs-Employees' Health Plan

(1) CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS

There were no changes of benefit terms.

(2) CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

- Amortization period increased to 30.
- \circ Salary increase changed from 3.30 11.55% to 3.30 10.30%
- Mortality methodology changed from RP-2000 to MP-2014

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-OPEB Year ended June 30, 2023

- Health care trend rates Pre-65 changed to having an initial trend rate of 6.25% decreasing to 4.05% over 13 years
- Health care trend rates Post-65 changed to having an initial trend rate of 5.5% decreasing to 4.05% over 11 years

CALCULATIONS (3) METHOD AND **ASSUMPTIONS** USED IN OF **ACTUARIALLYDETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS**

Recipients of CERS retirement benefits may elect to participate in a voluntary hospital/medical group insurance plan for themselves and their dependents. The cost of participation for their dependents is borne by the retiree. The retirement system will pay a portion of the cost of participation for the retiree based on years of service as follows: Less than 4 years -0%, 4-9 years - 25%, 10-14 years - 50%, 15-

19 years -75% and 20 or more years -100%.

Contributions requirements for medical benefits are a portion of the actuarially determined rates of covered payroll, as disclosed above.

Actuarial Valuations as Of	June 30, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	20% of difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets.
Amortization Method	Level percent of pay
Amortization Period	30 years, closed at June 30, 2019
Payroll Growth	2.00%
Investment Return	6.25%
Price Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increase	3.30 - 10.30%, varies by service
Mortality	MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year
	of 2019
Healthcare Trend Rates (Pre-65)	Initial trend starting at 6.25% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over period of 13 years.
Healthcare Trend Rates (Post 65)	Initial trend starting at 5.50% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over period of 11 years.
Healthcare Trend Rates (Phase-In)	Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate in accordance with HB362 enacted in 2018.

Carter County School District Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

		Capital Outlay		Building		District Activity	Student Activity Fund	Total
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$		\$	2,430,912 2,646,881	\$	110,193	\$ 454,055	\$ 2,995,159 2,646,881
Total Assets				5,077,793	_	110,193	454,055	5,642,041
Liabilities Accounts Payable Total Liabilities	\$		\$		\$	831830831830830	\$ 5,780	\$ 6,610
Fund Balance Restricted	_		-	5,077,793		109,362	448,275	5,635,430
Total Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	5,077,793	\$	109,362	\$ 448,275	\$ 5,635,430

Carter County School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year ended June 30, 2023

	Capital Outlay	Building	District Activity	Student Activity	Total
Revenues	 				
From Local Sources					
Student Activities	\$ \$	\$	5 57,472 \$	294,245 \$	351,717
Property Tax		1,335,196			1,335,196
Earnings on Investments		51,496	5,535	22,136	79,167
Other Local Revenue			19,976	485,992	505,968
Intergovernmental - State	 388,762	2,614,626	90		3,003,478
Total Revenues	 388,762	4,001,318	83,074	802,373	5,275,527
Expenditures					
Instruction			77,236	739,333	816,569
Instructional Staff Support Services			4,307	-	4,307
Student Transportation	 		2,305	79,310	81,615
Total Expenditures	 <u> </u>	-	83,848	818,643	902,491
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	 388,762	4,001,318	(774)	(16,270)	4,373,036
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In				210,028	210,028
Fund Transfers In (Out)	 (388,762)	(2,664,291)	<u> </u>	(136,849)	(3,189,902)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (388,762)	(2,664,291)		73,178	(2,979,875)
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	1,337,027	(774)	56,909	1,393,162
Fund Balance Beginning	 	3,740,766	110,136	391,366	4,242,269
Fund Balance Ending	\$ \$	5,077,793 \$	<u> </u>	448,275 \$	5,635,430

Carter County School District Combining Balance Sheet - School Activity Funds June 30, 2023

	AST CARTER	WEST CARTER HIGH SCHOOL	WEST CARTER MIDDLE SCHOOL	EAST CARTER MIDDLE SCHOOL	CARTER CITY ELEMENTARY	HERITAGE ELEMENTARY	STAR ELEMENTARY	TYGART CREEK ELEMENTARY	PRICHARD ELEMENTARY	OLIVE HILL ELEMENTARY	CARTER COUNTY CAREER & TECHNICAL	TOTAL
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Total Assets	\$ 94,935 94,935	110,496 110,496	23,316 23,316	67,960 67,960	11,595 11,595	17,012 17,012	4,801 4,801	27,328 27,328	37,614 37,614	25,628 25,628	\$ <u>33,370</u> <u>33,370</u>	454,054 454,054
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	780	3,043	-	194	-	463	-	-	-	1,300	-	5,780
FUND BALANCE School activities	 94,155	107,453	23,316	67,766	11,595	16,549	4,801	27,328	37,614	24,328	33,370	448,274
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 94,935 \$	110,496 \$	23,316	\$ 67,960 \$	11,595	5 17,012 \$	4,801	\$ 27,328 \$	37,614	25,628	\$ 33,370 \$	454,054

Carter County School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - School Activity Fund Year ended June 30, 2023

	EAST CARTER	WEST CARTER HIGH SCHOOL	WEST CARTER MIDDLE SCHOOL	EAST CARTER MIDDLE SCHOOL	CARTER CITY ELEMENTARY	HERITAGE ELEMENTARY	STAR ELEMENTARY	TYGART CREEK ELEMENTARY	PRICHARD ELEMENTARY	OLIVE HILL ELEMENTARY	CARTER COUNTY CAREER & TECHNICAL	TOTAL
Revenues Student/Trust revenues	\$ 276,075	286,797	68,400	99,431	14,879	56,528	249	15,948	11,952	30,862	\$ 15,288	876,409
Expenses Student/Trust activities	 269,668	271,353	64,813	85,677	13,790	54,113	2,113	10,122	4,521	32,555	10,777	819,501
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenses	6,408	15,444	3,587	13,754	1,089	2,415	(1,864)	5,826	7,431	(1,693)	4,511	56,909
Fund Balance Beginning	 87,748	92,009	19,728	54,012	10,506	14,133	6,665	21,502	30,183	26,020	28,860	391,366
Fund Balance Ending	\$ 94,155	\$ 107,453	\$ 23,316	67,767	\$11,595_	\$16,548	\$ 4,801	\$ 27,328	37,614	\$ 24,328	\$\$	448,275

Carter County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in the Fund Balance - East Carter High School Year ended June 30, 2023

	FUI BALA BEGIN	NCE	REVENUES	EXPENSES	TRANSFERS	FUND BALANCE ENDING
ACADEMIC TEAM	\$	- \$	415 \$	345	\$\$	70
A.P.E.S.		123	-			123
AP CLUB		2,112	420	450		2,082
ARCHERY		326	-			326
ATHLETICS		(5,835)	116		5,719	-
BAND		4,397	15,382	16,354	(159)	3,266
BASEBALL		(2,885)	9,992	23,012	15,245	(659)
BASKETBALL-BOYS		5,113	16,275	13,830	(733)	6,826
BASKETBALL-GIRLS		-	10,542	10,757	733	518
BETA CLUB		549	7,981	8,128		402
BOOK CLUB		-	450			450
CENTRAL		3,274	9,033	3,458	(2,009)	6,840
CHEERLEADERS		7,223	-	578	3,020	9,666
COMMUNITY TRANSITION		25	-			25
CLASS OF 2022		1,052	-	600	(452)	-
CLASS OF 2023		5,100	8,944	9,037	(3,570)	1,437
CLASS OF 2024		555	10,800	6,676	35	4,713
CLASS OF 2025		620	1,125			1,745
CLASS OF 2026		-	1,115			1,115
CLASS OF 2027		142	-		(142)	-
CLASS DUES DONATIONS			500			500
CROSS COUNTRY		2,727	4,870	5,085	1,729	4,240
CULINARY		-	-			-
DRAMA CLUB		-	15		(2.222)	15
FBLA		3,562	19,627	14,734	(6,230)	2,225
FCA		-	324	116		208
FCCLA		2,359	2,287	2,567	(075)	2,079
FFA		9,741	21,507	27,294	(275)	3,679
FISHING		764	700	1,080		384
FMD		642	-	50.052		642
FOOTBALL FRENCH ACCOUNT		6,862 1	43,892	50,253	(25)	501 101
GOLF		882	4,364 2,510	4,229 5,822	(35) 3,302	872
GOLF GOLF - BOYS		(300)	2,510	5,622	3,302	- 072
GOLF - GIRLS		(300)	-		300	-
GUIDANCE		2,290	-	771		- 1,519
JROTC		2,344	1,232	6,058	2,237	(244)
LIBRARY		3,434	4,875	5,410	2,201	2,899
MATH DEPT		457	-	0,110	(457)	-
RADD UNITE		1,648	-		(750)	898
SOCCER-GIRLS		3,101	3,800	3,874	1,385	4,413
SOCCER-BOYS		3,415	4,838	7,338	1,385	2,300
SOFTBALL		662	2,117	8,901	3,325	(2,798)
SPECIAL EDUCATION		1,399	-	- ,	- ,	1,399
TEACHERS LOUNGE		228	640	34		833
TENNIS		8,519	7,128	9,396		6,251
TRACK		6,700	6,678	8,662	250	4,967
TRACK-GIRLS		238	-	530	4,101	3,809
TSA		-	-			-
UNIFIED CLUB		1,002	1,400	1,458	(250)	694
VOLLEYBALL		2,747	2,797	9,692	4,148	-
WRESTLING		-	12,585	985		11,601
YEARBOOK		430	2,950	2,154		1,227
TOTALS	\$	87,748 \$	244,223 \$	269,667	\$ 31,853 \$	94,156

Carter County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in the Fund Balance - West Carter High School Year ended June 30, 2023

	FUND BALANCE BEGINNING	REVENUES	EXPENSES	TRANSFERS	FUND BALANCE ENDING
16TH REGION PRINCIPAL	\$ 2,673	\$ 1	\$	\$\$	2,674
3D ARCHERY	80	-	•	(80)	-,
4-H ACADEMIC TEAM	156 35	-	455	420	156
ACADEMIC TEAM	182		455	(182)	-
ADVANCED KY	(127)			127	-
AP CLUB ARCHERY TEAM	168 52	290 250	612	(449) 310	8
ART	149	325	306	510	- 168
ATHLETICS	3,416	362	34,748	30,983	13
BAND BASEBALL	266	4,835	2,629	159	2,631
BASEBALL BASKETBALL-BOYS	1,455 12,631	4,187 27,557	1,325 11,991	(1,580) (5,398)	2,737 22,799
BASKETBALL-GIRLS	4,635	37,577	15,421	(5,797)	20,995
BD BETA CLUB	210 343	- 117	42		210 418
BIOLOGY CLUB	545	-	42		-
BOOK CLUB		-			-
BUY THE DRESS	982	-	150		832
CCR CENTRAL	486	- 5,669	2,094	(3,449)	- 612
CHEERLEADERS	2,028	2,130	9,830	7,624	1,952
CLASS OF 2020		-			-
CLASS OF 2021 CLASS OF 2022	672	-	677	5	- 0
CLASS OF 2023	1,679	12,023	10,517	(1,150)	2,035
CLASS OF 2024	45	3,677	755	(500)	2,467
CLASS OF 2025 CLASS OF 2026		- 2,395	1,784		- 611
CROSS COUNTRY	8	-	1,704		8
DANCE		-			-
EKC TOURNAMENT-WES ENGLISH		-	10	10	-
FAMILY RESOURCE	7,950	- 1,645	3,236	10	6,360
FBLA	351	1,282	3,620	1,987	-
FCA FCCLA	1,795	- 5,931	8,557	1,100	- 270
FFA	19,950	56,043	62,008	6,775	20,761
FISHING	1,719	-	840	- , -	880
FLOWER FUND	520	-	180 100		340
FMD FOOTBALL	1,141 (32)	- 25,438	22,956	(2,450)	1,040 -
GAMING		-	,		-
GOLF-BOYS GOLF-GIRLS	1,205	3,175	3,164	1,300	2,516
IT	45	-			- 45
KHSAA CHEER		-			-
KYA	4 700	-	449	449	-
JROTC LIBRARY	1,769 61	4,350	4,326		1,792 61
MATH DEPARTMENT	135	-		(89)	46
	120	-		(202)	120
PEP CLUB PROM	736 1,070	-	1,437	(392) 1,000	343 633
SCHOOL STORE		1,595	, -	(1,595)	-
SENIOR FAREWELL	206 275	(25)	1 633	02	181
SENIOR SPOTLIGHT SOCCER-BOYS	1,159	1,275 1,905	1,633 5,148	83 2,084	0
SOCCER-GIRLS	1,269	2,216	3,352	(133)	(0)
SOFTBALL	(646)	5,937	5,393	102	0
SPANISH CLUB SPECIAL ED.	55	-			- 55
SPORTS MEDICINE	1,626	104	2,143	413	0
TEACHERS LOUNGE	153	585	569		168
TEEN WRITERS TENNIS	(146)	- 314	1,410	1,300	- 58
TEXTBOOKS	(140)	-	1,-10	1,000	-
THOMAS K. BONZO	58	-			58
TOURNAMENT TRACK	18	2,769	877	(1,746)	146 18
TRACK-BOYS	742	-	4,135	3,394	-
VOLLEYBALL	4,143	17,076	17,157	(3,270)	792
WCYSC WRESTLING	373	- 1,036	100	(507)	- 801
Y-CLUB	575	15,093	17,864	(507) 2,771	-
YEARBOOK	11,965	4,040	7,363		8,643
TOTALS	\$ 92,008	\$ 253,179	\$ 271,363	33,629 \$	107,453

Carter County School District SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Expenditures
US Department of Agriculture				
Passed Through State Department of Education				
National School Lunch Program	10.555			
Fiscal Year 22		7750002 22 \$	- \$	444,940
Fiscal Year 23 Fiscal Year 22		7750002 23 7840027 22	-	1,723,018 25,000
Fiscal Year 22		9980000 22	-	97,639
Fiscal Year 23		9980000 23	-	45,311
Fiscal Year 22		9990000 22	-	3,135
Summer Food Service Program	10.559			
Fiscal Year 22		7690024 22	-	4,224
Fiscal Year 23 Fiscal Year 22		7690024 23 7740023 22	-	80 40,970
Fiscal Year 23		7740023 23	-	774
National School Breakfast Program	10.553			
Fiscal Year 22		7760005 22	-	215,055
Fiscal Year 23		7760005 23	-	803,833
Child Nutrition Cluster Subtotal				3,403,979
State Administrative Grant for Nutrition	10.560			
Fiscal Year 22		7700001 22	-	5,496
Passed Through State Department of Agriculture				
Food Donation-Commodities	10.565	540 4050		
Fiscal Year 22 Total US Department of Agriculture		510.4950	-	244,481 3,653,956
Total 03 Department of Agriculture				3,033,930
US Department of Education				
Passed Through State Department of Education				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002 21	-	283,770
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002 22	-	1,775,281
				2,059,051
Vocation Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	3710002 21	-	6,881
Vocation Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	3710002 22	-	70,698
				77,579
* Special Education Grants to States	84.027	3810002 21	-	64,200
Special Education Grants to States Special Education Grants to States COVID	84.027 84.027X	3810002 22 4910002 21	-	1,065,731 42,942
* Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	3800003 21	-	7,356
* Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	3800002 21	-	63,577
* Special Education - Preschool Grants - COVID	84.173X	4910002 21		32,153
Special Education Cluster Subtotal				1,275,959
Dural Education	04.2500	2140002 24		10 700
Rural Education Rural Education	84.358B 84.358B	3140002 21 3140002 22	-	18,738 15,951
	01.0000	0110002 22		34,689
Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	3230002 21	-	211,896
Title IV Part A	84.424	3420002 21	-	14,371
Title IV Part A	84.424	3420002 22	-	127,245
				141,616
* Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund - COVID	84.425C	4300005 21	-	7,000
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund - COVID Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund - COVID	84.425U 84.425D	5300005 21 4300002 21	-	10,154 1,369,580
* American Rescue Plan Emergency & Secondary Funds	84.425U	4300003 21	-	8,640
* American Rescue Plan Emergency & Secondary Funds	84.425U	4300005 21	-	70,429
* American Rescue Plan Emergency & Secondary Funds	84.425W	4980002 21	-	65,869
* Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund - COVID	84.425D	4200002 21	-	465,816
* Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund - COVID	84.425C		-	33,838
				2,031,326
Total US Department of Education				5,832,116
				.,,
US Department of Health & Human Services				
Child Care Development Block Grant	93.575	N/A	-	53,655
Total US Department of Health & Human Services				53,655
US Environmental Protection Agency				
Clean School Bus USA	66.036	N/A		153,333
Total US Environmental Protection Agency	00.000	11// 1	-	153,333
US Department of Homeland Security	97.036	N/A	-	
Public Assistance Disaster Grant				132,417
Total US Department of Homeland Security				132,417
US Department of Defense				
ROTC	12.000	5041	-	132,417
Total U.S. Department of Defense				132,417
Total Expenditure of Federal Awards			\$	9,957,894
* Major program				

* Major program

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Carter County School District under the programs of the federal government for the year endedJune 30, 2023. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Carter County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

NOTE B – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represents adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

NOTE C – FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities received and disbursed. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District received food commodities totaling \$244,481.

NOTE D – INDIRECT COST RATE

The Carter County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Shad J. Allen, CPA, PLLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Education of the Carter County School District Grayson, KY

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carter County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Carter County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2023

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Carter County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Carter County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Carter County School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Carter County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial

statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Shad J. Allen, CPA, FLLC

Richmond, KY November 15, 2023

Shad J. Allen, CPA, PLLC

PO Box 974 Richmond, Kentucky 40476 Phone 859-806-5290 Fax 859-349-0061

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education of the Carter County School District Grayson, KY

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Carter County School District's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Carter County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. Carter County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Carter County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Carter County School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Carter County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Carter County School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Carter County School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not

absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will not always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Carter County School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Carter County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Carter County School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Carter County School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program with a type of compliance requirement of a federal noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Shad J. Allen, CPA, PLLC

Richmond, KY November 15, 2023

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year ended June 30, 2023

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

What type of report was issued for the financial statements?	Unmodified
Were there significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed? If so, was any significant deficiencies material (GAGAS)?	None Reported N/A
Was any material noncompliance reported (GAGAS)?	No
Were there material weaknesses in internal control disclosed for major programs?	No
Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed that were not considered to be material weaknesses?	None Reported
What type of report was issued on compliance for major programs?	Unmodified
Did the audit disclose findings as it relates to major programs that Is required to be reported as described in the Uniform Guidance?	No
Major Programs: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund – COVID 19 [AL Special Education Cluster [ALN 84.027, ALN 84.173]	LN 84.425]
Dollar threshold of Type A and B programs	\$750,000
Low risk auditee?	Yes
FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT	

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

No findings at the financial statement level.

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

No findings at the major federal award programs level.

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Year ended June 30, 2023

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

No prior year findings at the financial statement level.

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMSAUDIT

No prior year findings at the major federal award programs level.